

$$-3xy^2 - \frac{1}{3}x^2y$$

$$x = -2 \quad y = +2$$

$$= -3(-2)(+2)^2 - \frac{1}{3}(-2)^2 \cdot 2 =$$

$$= -3(-2) \cdot 4 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 4 \cdot 2 =$$

$$= 24 - \frac{8}{3} = \frac{72-8}{3} = \frac{64}{3}$$

$$(x+2)(x+3) + \underbrace{(x-3)}_{3 \times 2}^2 - \underbrace{(x+1)}_{x \times 2}^2 + x(x^3+2x-6) =$$

$$= \underbrace{x^2}_{-} + \underbrace{3x}_{-} + \underbrace{2x}_{-} + \underbrace{6}_{-} + \underbrace{x^2}_{-} - \underbrace{6x}_{-} + \underbrace{9}_{-} - \underbrace{x^4}_{-} - \underbrace{2x^2}_{-} - \underbrace{1}_{-} + \underbrace{x^4}_{-} + \underbrace{2x^2}_{-} - \underbrace{6x}_{-}$$

$$= 2x^2 - 7x + 16$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (a+1)(a-2) - \frac{(a-1)^2}{a+2} - (a-2)(a+2) + a(a-1) = \\
&= a^2 - 2a + a - 2 - \frac{a^2 - 2a + 1}{a+2} - (a^2 - 4) + a^2 - a = \\
&= \frac{a^2}{\cancel{a+2}} - \frac{2a}{\cancel{a+2}} + \frac{a}{\cancel{a+2}} - \frac{2}{\cancel{a+2}} - \frac{a^2 + 2a - 1}{\cancel{a+2}} - \frac{a^2 + 4}{\cancel{a+2}} + \frac{a^2}{\cancel{a+2}} - \frac{a}{\cancel{a+2}} = \\
&= 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (a-1)(2a+3) + (3a+2)(2a-3) + 4a = \\ & = \underline{2a^2} + \cancel{3a} - \cancel{2a} - \underline{3} + \underline{6a^2} - \cancel{9a} + \cancel{4a} - \underline{6} + \underline{4a} = \\ & = 8a^2 - 9 \end{aligned}$$

Una piramide regolare quadrangolare retta ha il perimetro di base di cm 72 e l'altezza di cm 12.

Calcola

- volume
- $S_l$  e  $S_t$
- Peso considerando un PS di 8
- $S_t$  di un parallelepipedo avente stessa altezza e stesso perimetro di base e lo spigolo a pari a  $\frac{5}{7}$  dello spigolo  $b$